Reg. No. :			

## Question Paper Code: 21526

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2013.

## Sixth Semester

## Computer Science and Engineering

MA 2264/MA 41/MA 51/080280026/10177 MA 401/ 10144 CSE 21/ 10144 EC 15 NUMERICAL METHODS

(Common to Electronics and Communication Engineering and Information Technology Fifth Semester – Polymer Technology, Chemical Engineering and Polymer Technology to Fourth Semester – Aeronautical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Electrical and Electronics Engineering and Mechatronics Engineering)

(Also common to Fourth Semester MA 1251 – Numerical methods for Civil Engineering, Aeronautical Engineering and Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

(Regulation 2008/2010)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

 $PARTA - (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Find an iterative formula to find the reciprocal of a given number  $N(N \neq 0)$ .
- 2. What is the Use of Power method?
- 3. State Newton's forward interpolation formula.
- 4. Using Lagrange's formula, find the polynomial to the given data.

X: 0 1 3

Y: 5 6 50

- 5. State Simpson's one-third rule.
- 6. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin x \, dx$  by Trapezoidal rule by dividing ten equal parts.
- 7. Find y(1.1) if y' = x + y, y(1) = 0 by Taylor series method.
- 8. State Euler's formula.

- 9. Obtain the finite difference scheme for the differential equation 2y''+y=5.
- 10. Write Liebmann's iteration process.

PART B -- (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

- 11. (a) (i) Find a positive root of the equation  $\cos x 3x + 1 = 0$  by using iteration method. (8)
  - (ii) Solve, by Gauss-Seidel method, the equations 27x + 6y z = 85, 6x + 15y + 2z = 72, x + y + 54z = 110. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Find, by Gauss-Jordan method, the inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$  (8)
  - (ii) Using Jacobi method find the all eigen values and their corresponding eigen vectors of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . (8)
- 12. (a) (i) Apply Lagrange's formula, to find y(27) to the data given below. (8) x: 14, 17, 31, 35

v: 68.8 64 44 39.1

(ii) Fit a polynomial, by using Newton's forward interpolation formula, to the data given below.(8)

x: 0 1 2 3

y: 1 2 1 10

Or

(b) (i) Use Newton's divided difference formula to find f(x) from the following data (8)

x: 1 2 7 8

v: 1 5 5 4

(ii) Using cubic spline, compute y(1.5) from the given data. (8)

x: 1 2 3

v: -8 -1 18

- 13. (a) (i) Find the first three derivatives of f(x) at x = 1.5 by using Newton's forward interpolation formula to the data given below. (8) x: 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 4 y: 3.375 7 13.625 24 38.875 59
  - (ii) Using Trapezoidal rule, evaluate  $\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} dx$  by taking eight equal intervals. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Evaluate  $\int_0^2 \frac{2x^2 + 2x + 1}{1 + (x + 1)^2} dx$  by Gaussian three point formula. (8)
  - (ii) Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{1.4} \int_{2}^{2.4} \frac{1}{xy} dx dy$  using Simpson's one-third rule. (8)
- 14. (a) (i) Using Taylor series method to find y(0.1) if  $y' = x^2 + y^2$ , y(0) = 1. (8)
  - (ii) Using Runge-Kutta method find y(0.2) if  $y'' = xy'^2 y^2$ , y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0, h = 0.2. (8)

 $\mathbf{Or}$ 

- (b) (i) Solve  $y' = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$ , y(0) = 1 at x = 0.1 by taking h = 0.02 by using Euler's method. (8)
  - (ii) Using Adam's method to find y(2) if y' = (x + y)/2, y(0) = 2, y(0.5) = 2.636, y(1) = 3.595, y(1.5) = 4.968. (8)
- 15. (a) Solve  $\nabla^2 u = 8x^2y^2$  over the square x = -2, x = 2, y = -2, y = 2 with u = 0 on the boundary and mesh length = 1. (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Solve  $u_{xx} = 32u_t$ , h = 0.25 for  $t \ge 0$ , 0 < x < 1, u(0,t) = 0, u(x,0) = 0, u(1,t) = t.
  - (ii) Solve  $4u_{tt} = u_{xx}$ , u(0,t) = 0, u(4,t) = 0, u(x,0) = x(4-x),  $u_t(x,0) = 0$ , h = 1 upto t = 4.